Robotic and EVA/Robotic Servicing: Past Experiences, Future Promise

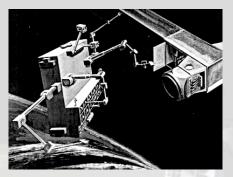
David L. Akin
Space Systems Laboratory
University of Maryland,
College Park



SSL Robotics/Servicing Timeline (80's)

'80 '81 '82 '83 '84 '85 '86 '87 '88 '89

SSL studies applications of automation, robotics, and machine intelligence for servicing Hubble and other Great Observatories for NASA MSFC





Initial operational tests of Beam Assembly Teleoperator

BAT used for extensive servicing tests on HST training mockup



SSL develops
ParaShield
flight test
vehicle for
suborbital
mission

Robot-aided EVA structural assembly







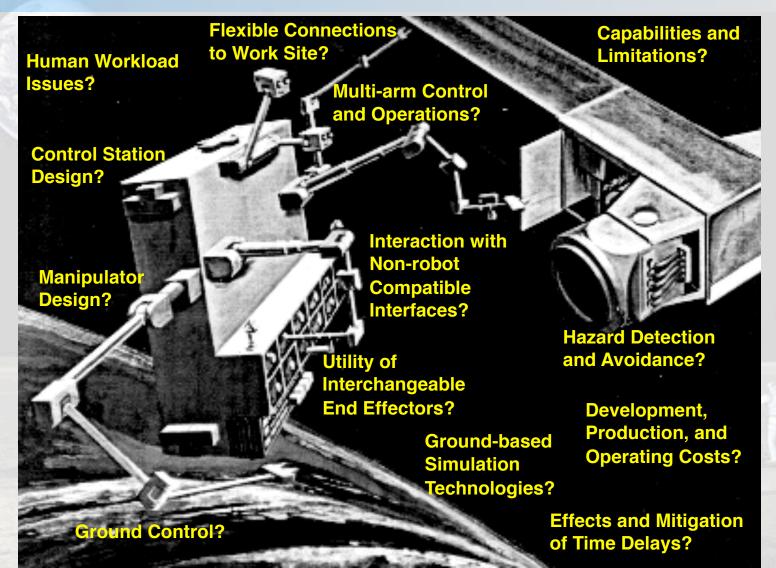


ARAMIS Telerobotics Study (1980)

- Survey of five NASA "Great Observatories" to assess impacts and benefits of telerobotic servicing - major results:
- Ground-controlled telerobotics is a pivotal technology for future space operations
- Robotic system should be designed to perform **EVA-equivalent tasks using EVA interfaces**
 - Maximum market penetration for robot
 - Maximum operational reliability
 - Designing to EVA standards well understood
- Fully capable robotic system needs to be able to do rendezvous and proximity operations, grapple, dexterous manipulation

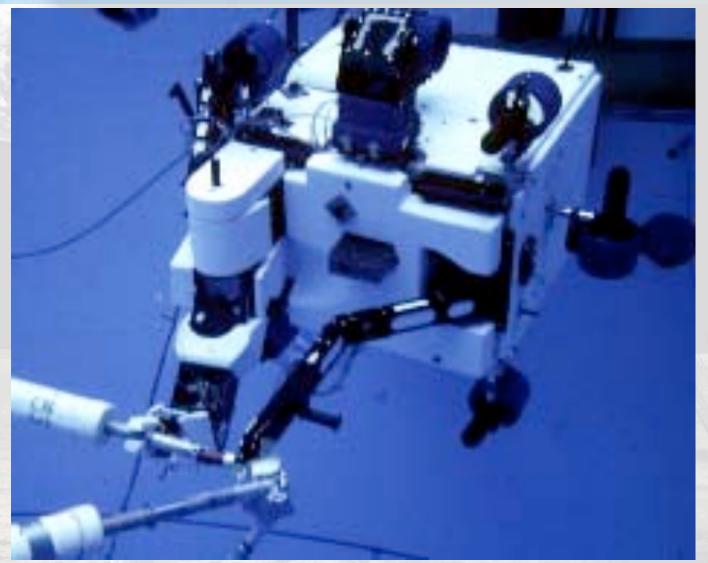


Fundamental Issues in Robotic Servicing





Beam Assembly Teleoperator





SSL Robotics/Servicing Timeline (90's)

'90 '91 '92 '94 '93 '95 '96 '98 '97 '99

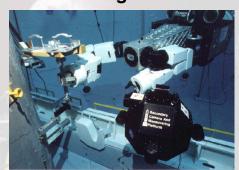
SSL designs Ranger based on experience with HST servicing



NASA selects **Ranger TFX** as low-cost robotic flight experiment



Ranger performs end-to-end **HST** servicing simulations



Phase 0 **PSRP**

RTSX

PDR

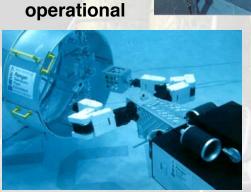
Phase 1 **PSRP** Phase 2

RTSX

CDR

PSRP

Environmental testing at JSC



Ranger NBV

SSL directed to redesign Ranger for shuttle mission: **Ranger TSX**

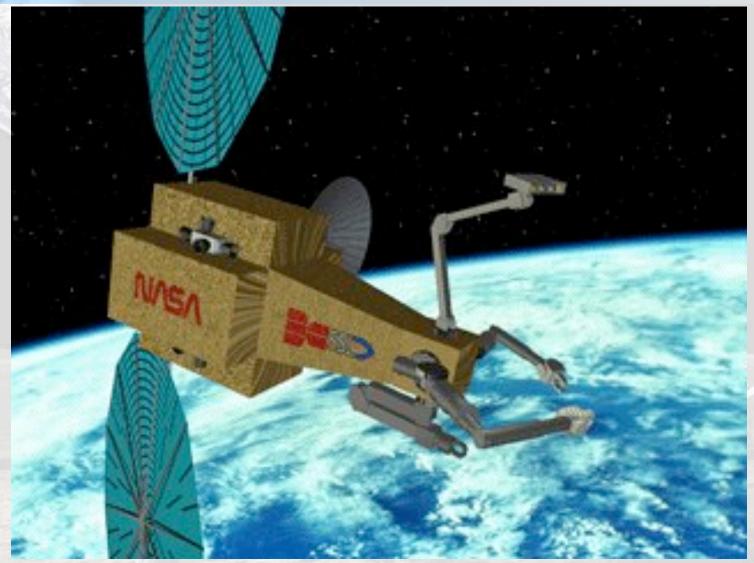






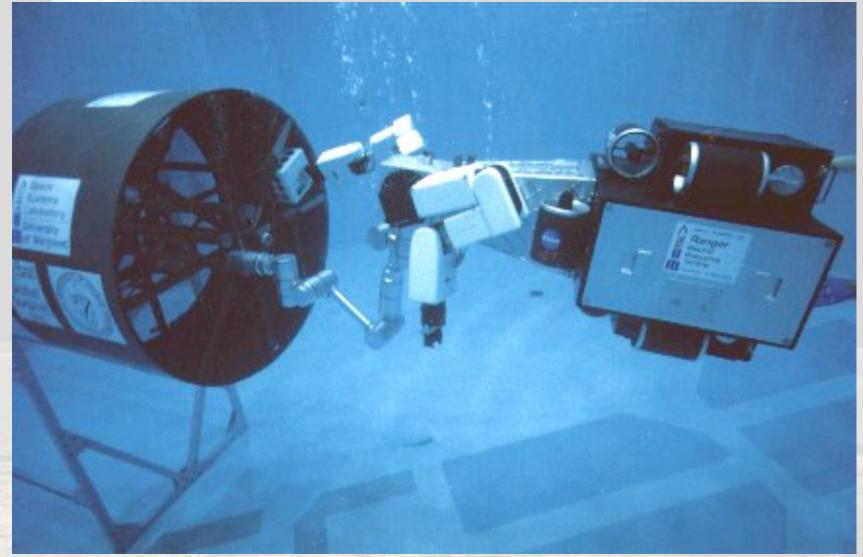
Space Systems Laboratory

Ranger Telerobotic Flight Experiment



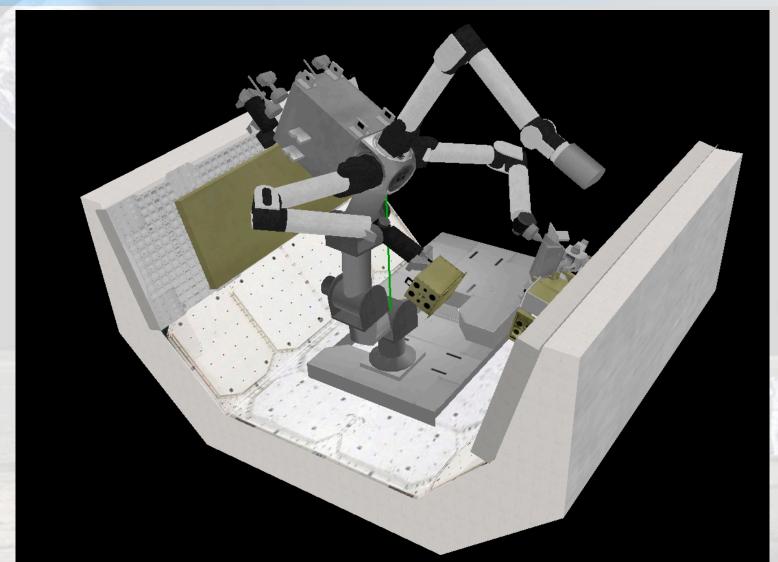


Ranger Neutral Buoyancy Vehicle I





Ranger Telerobotic Shuttle Experiment





SSL Robotics/Servicing Timeline (00's)

'00 '02 '01 '04 '06 '03 '05 '07 '08 '09

Development of ECU operations timeline

cancelled

Ranger simulates SPDM for Ranger TSX GSFC HRSDM testing program



Suit-integrated manipulators, advanced displays and controls



Modular miniature servicer

development First tests of EVA/robot for DARPA cooperation with Ranger



Ranger performs



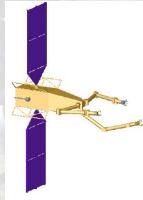
MX-2 suit operational; coop. EVA/robot servicing



SAMURAI lightweight manipulator



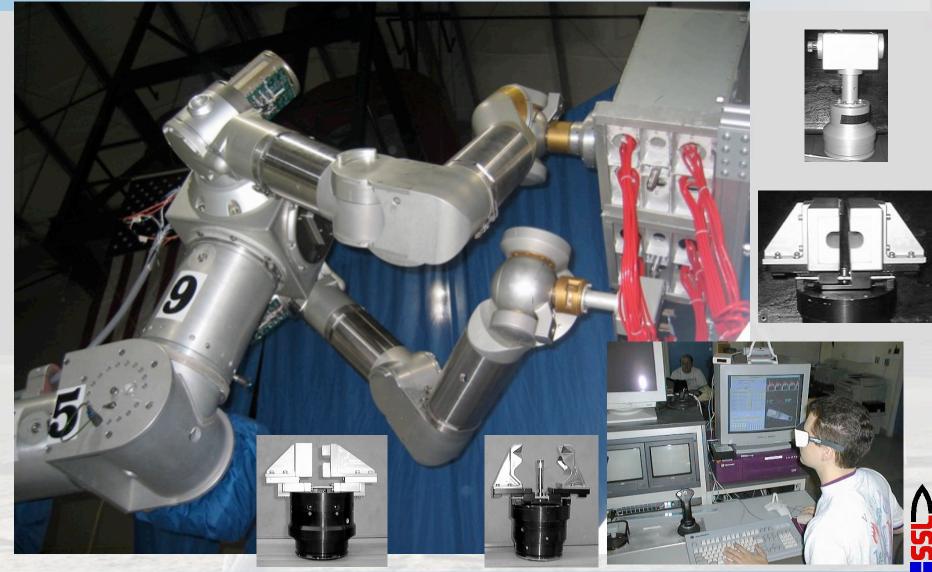








Ranger Spacecraft Servicing System



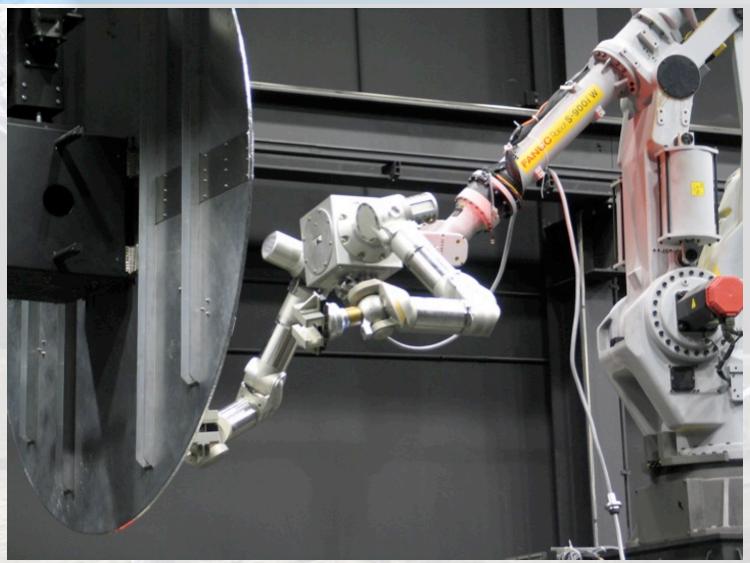


Ranger System Specifications

- Approximately EVA-glove-sized end effectors with 30 lbf force and 30 lb-ft torque capability in any direction
- Two human-scale arms with intersecting workspaces mounted on narrow base for restricted work sites
- High-bandwidth active compliance-control loop
- 8DOF allows autonomous obstacle and singularity avoidance
- Interchangeable end effector mechanism with two mechanical tool drives to each end effector
- Rad hardened MIL-STD-1553B distributed control architecture recognizes and safes errors in ≤ 30 msec
- 800,000 lines of code for nominal and contingency ops
- Flight-certified through NASA Phase 2 PSRP
- Operable in 1G, underwater, and space environments
- Advanced control station mitigates time delays ≤ 6 sec

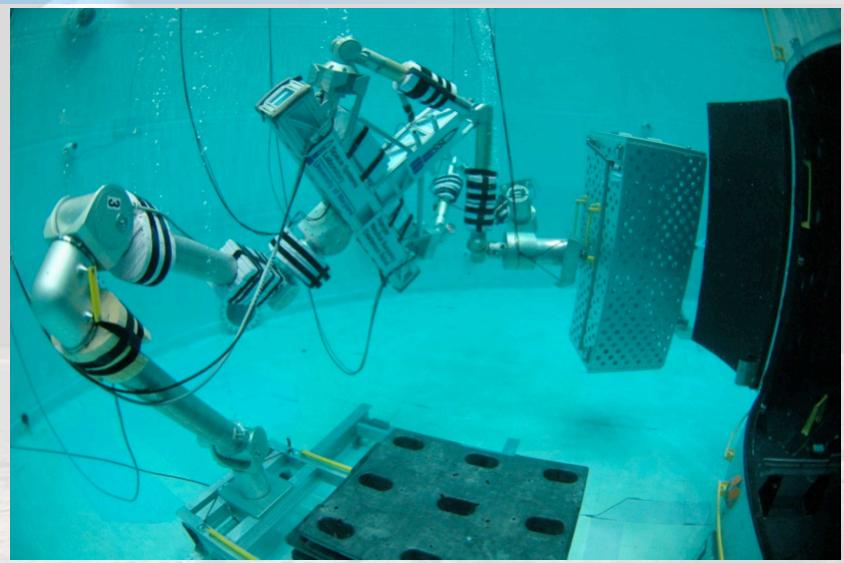


Ranger Arms for SUMO Grappling



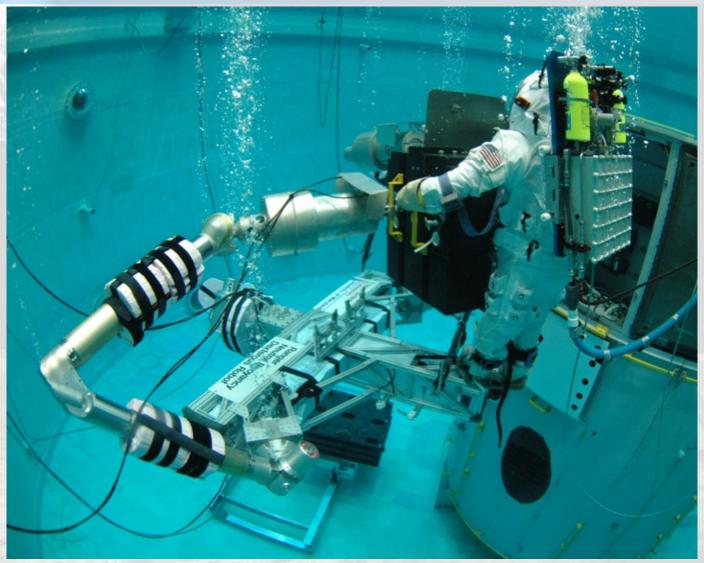


Ranger Performing HST AI Changeout



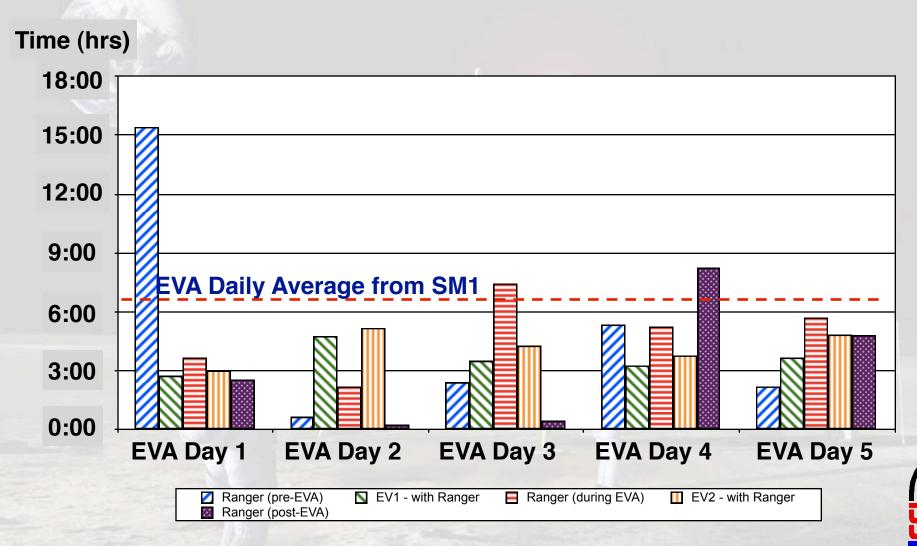


EVA/Robotic Servicing of HST

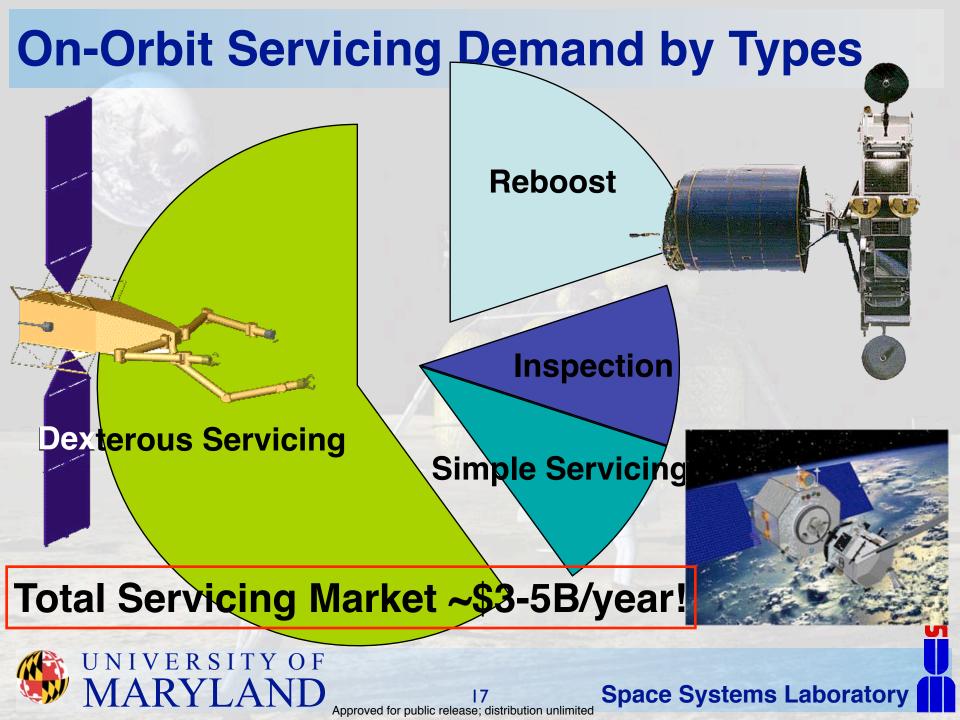




Robotic Augmentation of EVA (from SM1)

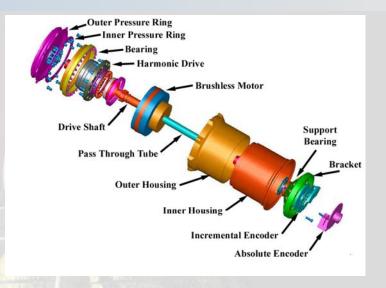






Proteus Actuator Technology

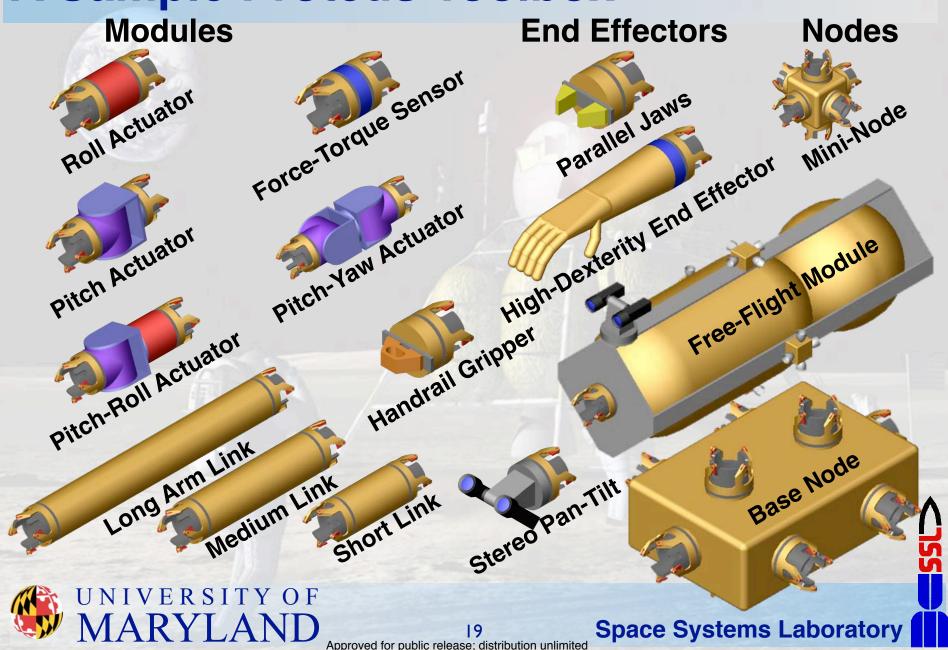




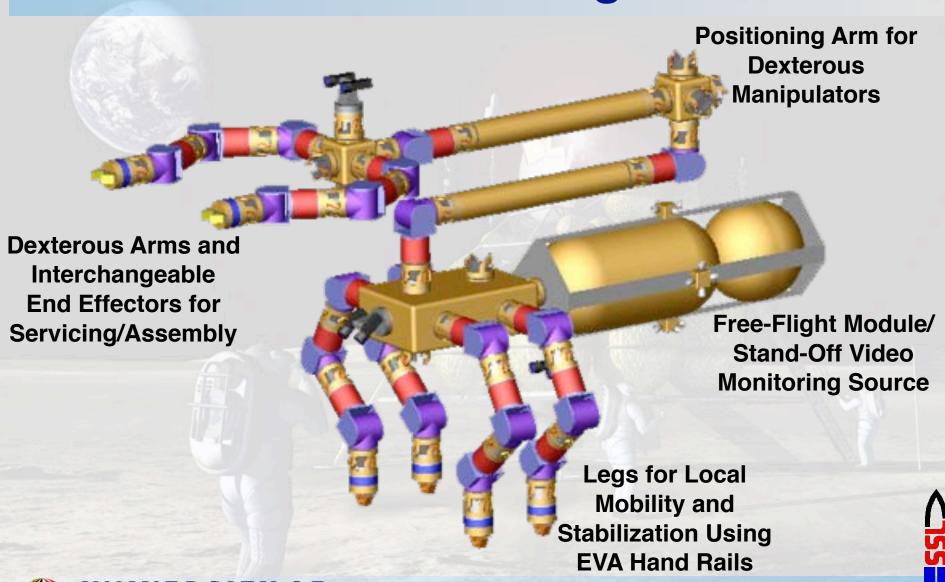




A Sample Proteus Toolbox



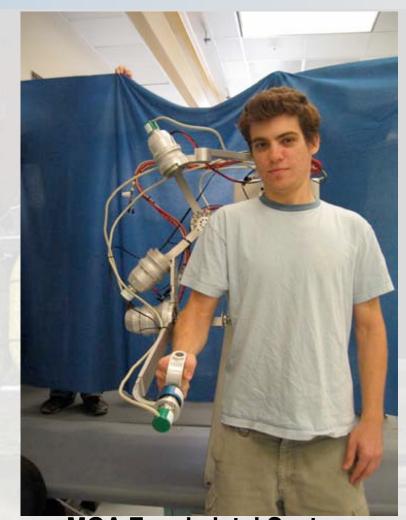
A Potential Proteus Configuration



Current Proteus-Based Systems



SAMURAI Deep-Submergence Manipulator



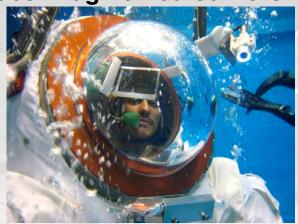
MGA Exoskeletal System for Shoulder Rehabilitation



Advanced Robot-Integrated Suits



Robot-Augmented Suit Gloves



Advanced Controls and Displays



Suit-Mounted Manipulators



Morphing Space Suits

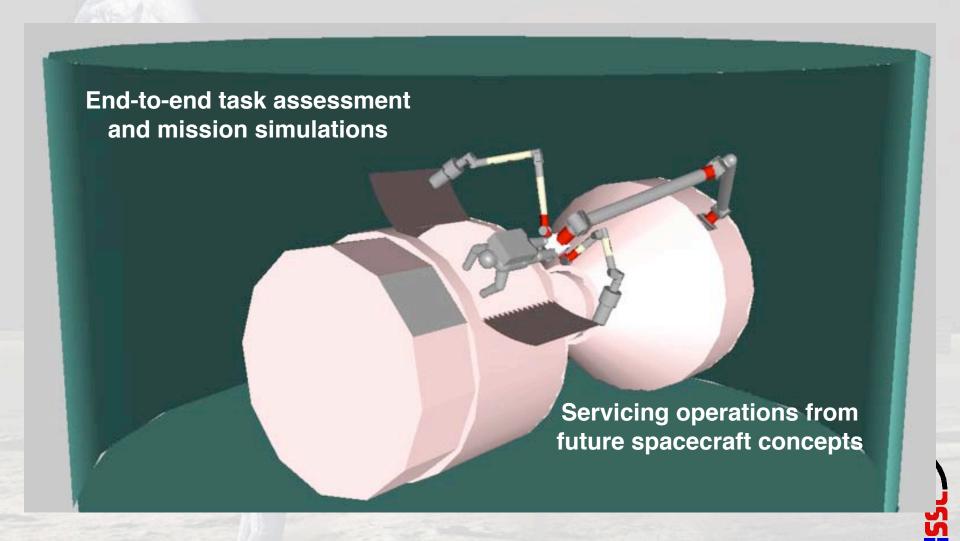


UMd Voice Command of GSFC RMS





NB Simulation of EVA/Robotic Servicing





Advanced Technologies for Servicing

Lightweight Manipulator Actuators and Sensors



Adaptive Nonlinear Control Algorithms for Manipulator Motion

Advanced Mitigation of Time Delays

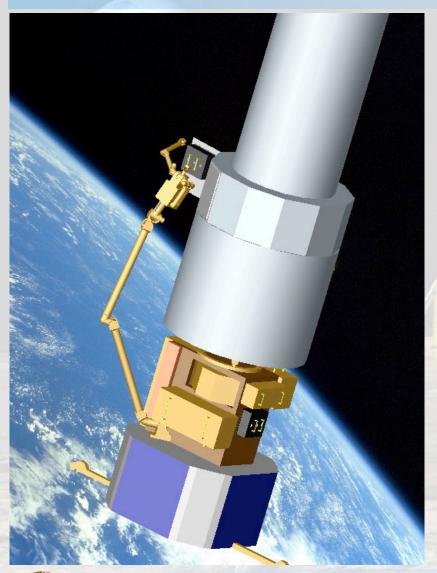


Full Haptic Control Station





The Ultimate Robotic Flight Experiment

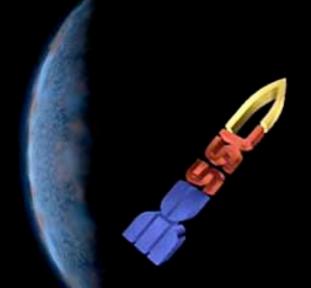


- At some point, the Hubble science mission will end
- Lightweight robotic servicer could be added to deorbit mission
- On-orbit robotic HST servicing will leverage decades of experience in EVA servicing and demonstrate robotic capabilities

For More Information

Space Systems Laboratory

University of Maryland



This Month in the SSL

About the SSL

Facilities

Personnel

Projects

Data and Publications

Friends of the SSL

Internals

http://www.ssl.umd.edu dakin@ssl.umd.edu

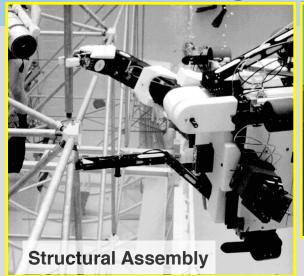


Overview of the UMd Space Systems Lab

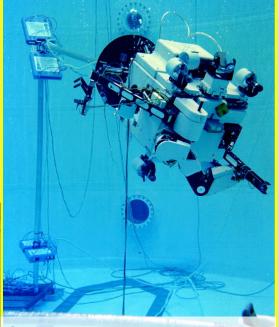




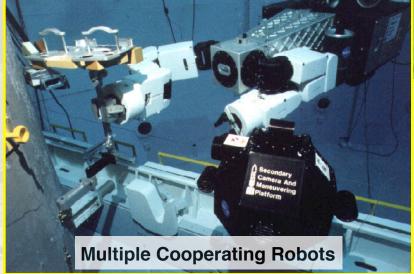
SSL Background in Space Robotics

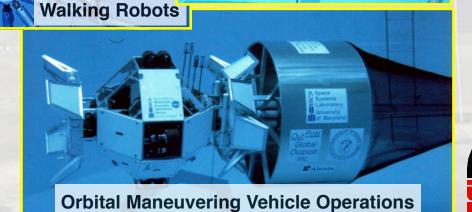






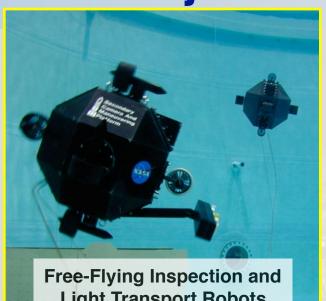
Crane-type Positioning Robot





Current Robotics Projects



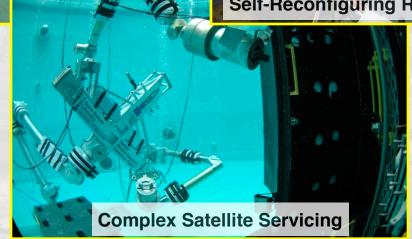


Light Transport Robots

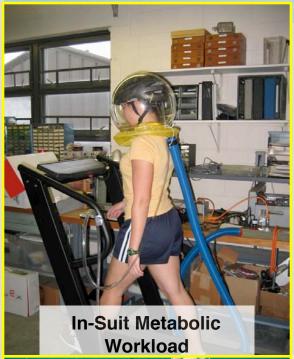


Lightweight Modular Self-Reconfiguring Robots





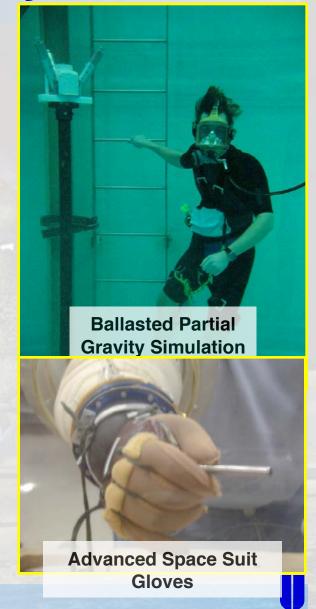
Current Human Systems Projects







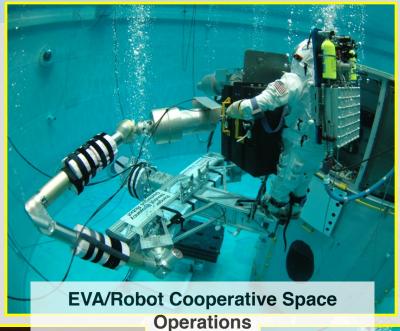






Human/Robot Interaction Projects







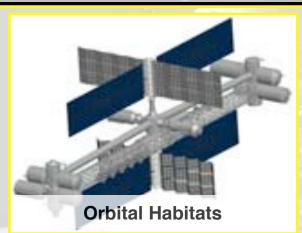


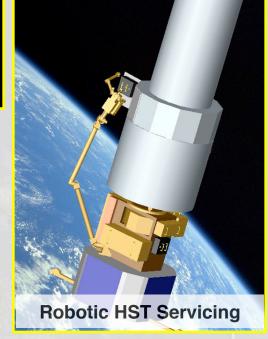


Space Systems Design Activities

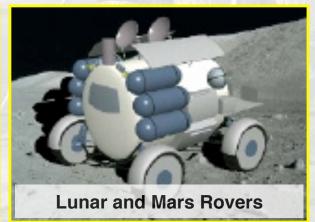
















Space Systems Lab Facilities

Space Suit Development Lab



Flight Robotics Simulation Facility





Neutral Buoyancy Research Facility



Flight Electronics Fab & Test Lab



Planetary Surface Mobility Simulator



Inspection and Secure Storage Lab



Advanced Robotics Development Lab